#### \*\*REPRESENTATIVE DATASHEET\*\*

# Sheep anti-human tissue Plasminogen Activator (tPA)

Biotinylated Affinity-Purified IgG 0.1 ma

Product #: SATPA-APBIO

Lot #: XXXX Expiry date: XXXX

Store at 2°C to 8°C

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# Description of tissue Plasminogen Activator (tPA)

Tissue-type plasminogen activator (tPA) is one of two major physiologic activators of plasminogen in plasma. It is a serine protease of 68 kDa produced primarily in endothelial cells but is also present in monocytes and megakaryocytes. Normal plasma tPA antigen concentrations have been reported from 20 ng/mL to 5 μg/mL, depending on the assay used, but typically most of the tPA (> 90%) is in complex with its primary inhibitor, plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (PAI-1). Structurally, tPA is a single-chain enzyme that consists of a catalytic domain followed by two kringle structures, an EGF domain and a finger domain. The activation of plasminogen by tPA is dependent on the presence of a fibrin cofactor. The binding of both tPA and plasminogen to fibrin is mediated in part through lysine binding sites within the kringle structures of both enzyme and substrate, but also through the finger domain of tPA. Activation of plasminogen by tPA occurs by cleavage after residue Arg<sup>560</sup> to produce the two-chain active serine protease plasmin. The activity of tPA is regulated in part by a very short half-life in circulation (t1/2 of ~4 minutes) and by circulating protease inhibitors PAI-1 and to a lesser extent a<sub>2</sub>macroglobulin<sup>1-3</sup>.

# REFERENCES and REVIEWS

- 1. Bachmann F; The Plasminogen-Plasmin Enzyme System; in Hemostasis and Thrombosis, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, eds. RW Colman, J Hirsh, VJ Marder and EW Salzman, pp. 1592-1622, J.B. Lippincott Co., Philadelphia PA, USA, 1994.
- **2.** Holvoet P, Cleemput H, Collen D; Assay of Human Tissue-Type Plasminogen Activator (t-PA) with an Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) Based on Three Murine Monoclonal Antibodies to t-PA. Thrombosis and Haemostasis 54, pp. 684-687, 1985.
- **3.** Giles AR, Nesheim, et al; The fibrinolytic Potential of the Normal Primate following the Generation of Thrombin In Vivo; Thrombosis and Haemostasis 63, pp. 476-481, 1990.



# **Product Specifications**

# Description:

Vial containing **XXXX** mL of affinity-purified IgG conjugated to biotin. Total protein is 0.1 mg.

#### Format:

APIgG-biotin conjugate as a clear, colourless liquid.

# **Host Animal:**

Sheep

# Immunogen:

Human tissue-type plasminogen activator prepared from melanoma cell line.

# Concentration:

APIgG-biotin concentration is **XXXX** mg/mL, determined by absorbance using an extinction coefficient ( $E^{1\%}_{280}$ ) of 14.

# **Buffer:**

Phosphate-buffered saline containing 1 mg/mL bovine albumin and 0.1% sodium azide, pH 7.4.

#### Storage:

Store at 2°C to 8°C.

### Specificity:

Prior to conjugation, this antibody was specific for tPA as demonstrated by immunoelectrophoresis and ELISA.

#### **Applications:**

Suitable as a source of biotinylated antibodies to human tPA.

### **Incorporation of Biotin:**

**XXXX** moles biotin per mole IgG as determined by HABA assay.